

# BaNES, Wiltshire, Swindon CCGs Management of Infection Guidance for Primary Care (Quick Ref Guide) - Children up to 18 years See also BNFc See BSW website for full guidelines February 2023

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Antibiotic CHILDREN UPTO 18 years (oral unless stated) Length				Antibiotic		CHILDREN UPTO 18 years (oral unless stated)			Length	
		s in children under 5 years: NICE FEVERISH CG160Whitient information leaflet RCGP	2 <sup>nd</sup> Choice	Co-amoxiclav	If culture results avail. (See full guide for details)		7-10 days			
Upper Respirato	ry Tract: When Should	I Worry Booklet & Treat your infection patient info leaflet Re	Skin Infections:	Skin Infections:						
Influenza: PHE Inf	luenza NICE Influenza Pr	ophylaxis, NICE Influenza Treatment	Scarlet Fever CKS	Scarlet Fever CKS UKHSA Notifiable Disease – See full guidance for contact numbers						
Acute Sore Throat: NICE NG84 FeverPAIN Avoid antibiotics where possible. Use adequate analgesia first				1st Choice	1st Choice Penicillin V				10 days	
1st Choice	Penicillin V				n allergy Birth to 6 months: Clarithromycin					
Penicillin allergy	Clarithromycin or Erythromycin Erythromycin should be used if pregnant and penicillin allergic.			Penicillin allergy	6 months plus: Azithromycin				10 days 5 days	
Acute Otitis Medi	a: NICE BNFc NICE FEVER	RISH CG160 Avoid antibiotics where possible Use analge		Impetigo NICE NG153						
Anaesthetic & analgesic eardrop	Phenazone/lidocaine hydrochloride 40 mg/10 mg/g ear drops (Otigo®) Apply 4 drops BD or TDS. Use only if an immediate oral antibiotic is not given & there is no eardrum perforation or otorrhoea			if unsuitable or ineff	Topical treatment; Hydrogen peroxide 1% cream (Crystacide®) Apply BD or TDS if unsuitable or ineffective; Fusidic acid 2% Thinly TDS if MRSA; Mupirocin 2% ointment topically TDS and consult local microbiologist  5 days, incr 7 days base clinical judg					
1 <sup>st</sup> Choice oral abx	Amoxicillin		5-7 days		Oral treatment: 1st Flucloxacillin, If penicillin allergic; Clarithromycin					
Davidellia ellegen	Clarithromycin OR Erythromycin 5-7 days			Eczema <u>NICE Eczer</u>	Eczema NICE Eczema Only if visible signs of infection treat as for impetigo					
Penicillin allergy	Erythromycin should	be used if <b>pregnant</b> and penicillin allergic.	Lyme Disease: NICI	Lyme Disease: NICE NG95 2018 See full guideline and seek specialist advice						
Acute Otitis Exter	na <u>CKS</u> Use adequate	analgesia first	Cellulitis <u>CKS</u>	Cellulitis CKS						
1 <sup>st</sup> choice	Acetic acid 2% (Ear-	Calm spray available OTC) Use 1 spray TDS (>12yrs)	7 days	1 <sup>st</sup> Choice	Flucloxacillin	I See full guide for			-1	
2 <sup>nd</sup> choice	Neomycin sulfate & corticosteroid drops (Betnesol N) 3 drops TDS			Penicillin allergy	Clarithromyci	alternative options for		nys initially. If slow nse continue for further 7		
<b>Cough / Chesty Cough:</b> Antibiotics of little benefit if no comorbidities. Symptom resolution can take 3 weeks (NICE <u>NG120</u> Feb 2019)				Facial cellulitis	n Co-amoxiclav	facial cellulitis and pen allergy				
Bronchiolitis See:	NICE NG9 June 2015 D	o not use antibiotics ( <u>1.4.3</u> )		Animal bites / Human bites (consider tetanus) NICG NG184 CKS Irrigate the wound thoroughly.						
Community Acquired Pneumonia: See NICE FEVERISH CG160 & admit to hospital  Seek specialist advice for children aged under 1 month. See full guideline human and animal bites								bites		
<b>Urinary Tract In</b>	fections:			section for further assessment advice.						
Diagnosis and Urine Testing of UTIs in children see NICE NG224     Infants younger than 3 months with a possible UTI should be referred immediately to the care of a paediatric specialist and sample sent for culture.				1st Choice for aged month and over (n for penicillin allerg	not Co-amoxiclav	prophylaxis course				
<ul> <li>Infants ≥ 3 months use positive nitrite to guide antibiotic use; send pre-treatment MSU.</li> </ul>				Children aged unde	Co-trimoxazole (off label use)  See the BNF for Children and summary of product characteristics for appropriate use and dosing in  5 days for infected bites treatment course					
Lower UTI in children NICE NG109				12 years with						
1 <sup>st</sup> Choice	Trimethoprim OR Nitrofurantoin NB: Nitrofurantoin syrup v costly use caps / tabs if possible			Penicillin allergic Children aged 12-	specific popul	specific populations  Course be incre			length can eased to 7	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Choice	Cefalexin OR Amoxicillin (worsening lower UTI symptoms on first choice taken for at least 48 hours or when first choice not suitable)			years with  Penicillin allergic		STAT, then 100mg or 200mg based of			th review) n clinical ent of the	
Upper UTI in children NICE NG111 wound										
Consider referral to a paediatric specialist (NICE) Infants younger than 3months with a possible UTI should be referred immediately to the care of a pediatric specialist (PHE)  Eye Infections: Conjunctivitis PHE: Guidance on Infection Control in Schools and other Childcare Settings Mostly viral and self-limiting treat ONLY if severe AAO conjunctivitis										
4 st Cl ·	0.61	1st chaice in programmy as well	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, <u>,</u>						

7-10 days

1st choice in pregnancy as well

Cefalexin

1st Choice



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#### **Gastro-intestinal Tract Infections:**

Infectious Diarrhoea PHE Diarrhoea Check travel, replace fluid, check antibiotic history, stool specimen.

Contact microbiology if necessary

Threadworms CKS Treat all household contacts at same time and advise 2 weeks hygiene measures

Children >6 months old **Mebendazole** ('off label' if <2 yrs) 100mg STAT but repeat in 2 wks if infestation persists. *Babies <6 months old* six weeks of perianal wet wiping or washes 3 hourly during the day.

Antibiotic Doses: (See also BNFc)

# Penicillin V (Phenoxymethylpenicillin)

125mg/5ml suspension (100ml), 250mg/5ml suspension (100ml), 250mg tablet

Child 1 month -11 months 62.5mg QDS Doses can be increased if required up to 12.5 mg/kg QDS

Child 1 - 5 years 125mg QDS Doses can be increased if required up to 12.5 mg/kg QDS

Child 6 – 11 years 250mg QDS Doses can be increased if required up to 12.5 mg/kg QDS

Child 12 –17 years 500mg QDS Doses can be increased if required up to 1g QDS

# Clarithromycin

125mg/5ml suspension (70ml), 250mg/5ml suspension (70ml), 250mg tablet

Body weight under 8kg: 7.5mg/kg BD Body weight 8-11kg: 62.5mg BD Body weight 12-19kg: 125mg BD Body weight 20-29kg: 187.5mg BD Body

weight 30-40kg: 250mg BD

CHILD 12-17 years (& over 40kg): 250mg BD (Can be increased to 500mg BD in severe infections)

#### Ervthromycin

125mg/5ml suspension(100ml), 250mg/5ml suspension(100ml), 500mg/5ml suspension(100ml), 250mg tablets

Child 1-23 months:125mg QDS, dose can be increased if required to 250mg QDS

Child 2-7 years: 250mg QDS, dose can be increased if required to 500mg QDS

Child 8- 17 years: 250-500mg QDS, dose can be increased to 500-1000mg QDSErythromycin

total daily dose may alternatively be given in two divided dose.

#### Flucloxacillin

125mg/5ml oral solution (100ml), 250mg/5ml oral solution (100ml), 250mg capsule, 500mg capsule

Child 1 month-1 year 62.5-125mg QDS

Child 2-9 years 125-250mg QDS

Child 10-17 years 250-500mg QDS

### **Amoxicillin**

125mg/5ml suspension (100ml), 250mg/5ml suspension (100ml), 250mg capsule, 500mg capsule

 $Child\ 1\ month-11\ months: 125mg\ TDS\ \ (UTIs\ children\ under\ 3\ months\ specialist\ treatment) Child$ 

1 - 4 years: 250mg TDS

Child 5 - 17 years: 500mg TDS

Above doses may be increased if necessary.

Trimethoprim

**Antihiotic** 

**CHILDREN UPTO 18 years (oral unless stated)** 

Length

50mg/5ml suspension (100ml), 100mg tablet, 200mg tablet

Child 3 months–5 months 4mg/kg BD (max per dose 200mg) alternatively 25mg BD

Child 6 months-5 years 4mg/kg BD (max per dose 200mg) alternatively 50mg BD Child

6-11 years 4mg/kg BD (max per dose 200mg) alternatively 100mg BD

Child 12-17 years 200mg BD

Antibiotic Doses: From Medicines Complete BNF for Children Nov 2019 (See also BNFc)

#### Nitrofurantoin

25mg/5ml suspension (300ml) very expensive, 50mg caps, 100mg caps (immediate release)

Child 3 months -11 years 750 micrograms/kg QDS

Child 12–17 years 50mg QDS; increased to 100mg QDS in severe recurrent infections

#### Cefalexin

125mg/5ml suspension (100ml). 250mg/5ml suspension (100ml), 250mg tab/caps, 500mg tab/ caps,

Child 3 month—11 months 12.5 mg/kg twice daily, alternatively 125mg BD

Child 1 – 4 years 12.5 mg/kg twice daily, alternatively 125mg TDS Child

5 – 11 years 12.5 mg/kg twice daily, alternatively 250mg TDSChild 12–

17 years 500mg BD - TDS

Co-amoxiclav (amoxicillin / clavulanic acid)

125/31/5ml suspension (100ml), 250/62/5ml suspension (100ml), 250/125mg tablet, 500/125mg tablet

When using 125/31/5ml suspension doses are as follows:

Child 1 month-11 months 0.25 mL/kg TDS (dose doubled in severe infection)Child

1-5 years 5ml TDS (dose doubled in severe infection)

When using 250/62/5ml suspension doses are as follows:

Child 6-11 years 5ml TDS (dose doubled in severe infection)

When using 250/125 tablets doses are as follows:

Child 12-17 years (Body weight >40kg) 250/125 = 1 tablet TDS, increased to 500/125 mg every8

hours, increased dose used for severe infection.

# Analgesic options for children:

Advise parent or carer to administer regular analgesia as per product dosing information.

Encourage parent / carer to purchase analgesics

Paracetamol: Pyrexia Pain and Discomfort

120mg/5ml suspension, 250mg/5ml suspension, 500mg tablet / caplet NO more than 4 doses in 24 hrs

**Ibuprofen:** Mild to moderate pain, pain & inflammation of soft-tissue injuries, pyrexia with discomfort

100mg/5ml oral suspension, 200mg tablets / capsules

**Suspected Meningococcal meningitis:** <u>PHE Meningococcal disease</u>: When purpura or non-blanching petechiae present

Sidirorinio Percerinae Pr

**Benzyl Penicillin** 

Child 1-11months 300 mg; Child 1–9 years 600 mg, 10 -17 years 1.2 g (IV OR IM)

Penicillin allergic patients treat according to local Trust preferred injectable cephalosporin

For doses relating to indications not listed overleaf please refer to BNFC https://bnfc.nice.org.uk/