

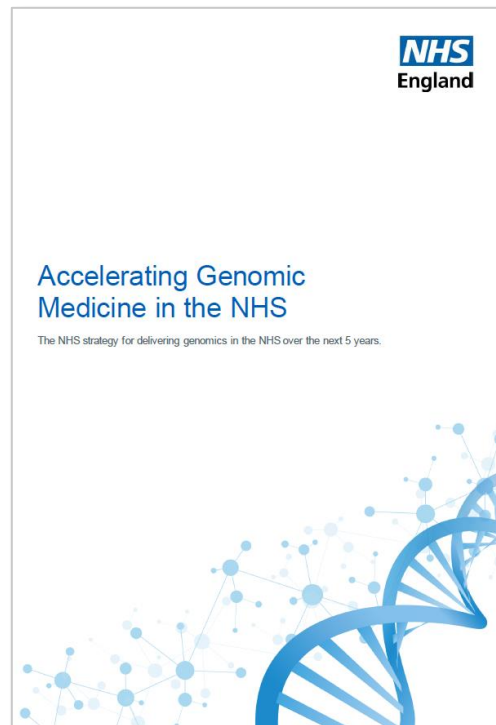


Genomics Update

Rachel Palmer
Pharmacy Lead
SW Genomics Medicine Service Alliance

 [@SWGenomics](#) / [@SWGLH](#) / [@NHSgms](#)

Accelerating Genomic Medicine in the NHS

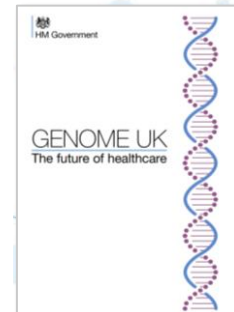


Key themes include:

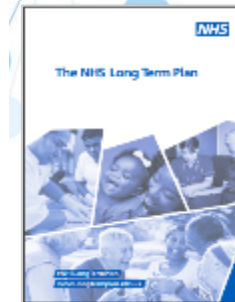
1. **Embedding genomics across the NHS**, through a world leading innovative service model from primary and community care through to specialist and tertiary care
2. **Delivering equitable genomic testing for improved outcomes in cancer, rare, inherited and common diseases and enabling precision medicine** and reducing adverse drug reactions
3. **Enabling genomics to be at the forefront of the data and digital revolution**, ensuring genomic data can be interpreted and informed by other diagnostic and clinical data;
4. **Evolving the service driven by cutting-edge science, research and innovation** to ensure that patients can benefit from rapid implementation of advances



UK Life Sciences Vision sets 10-year strategy for sector to solve some of the biggest healthcare problems of our generation



Genome UK; the future of healthcare sets out a 10 year vision how we will achieve progress in genomic medicine across Diagnosis & Personalised medicine, Prevention and Research



NHS Long Term Plan genomics commitments

Driving the use of precision treatments and optimising the use of medicines

Gene therapies

- Use cutting-edge technology to deliver tailor-made genetic material into a patient's cells to treat disease

New targeted treatments

- Based on an increased understanding of the genomic basis for disease & diagnosis

Pharmacogenomics

- Guide treatment decisions and dosing using genomic data to predict drug response

Repurposing

- New indications for existing medicines

Predicting

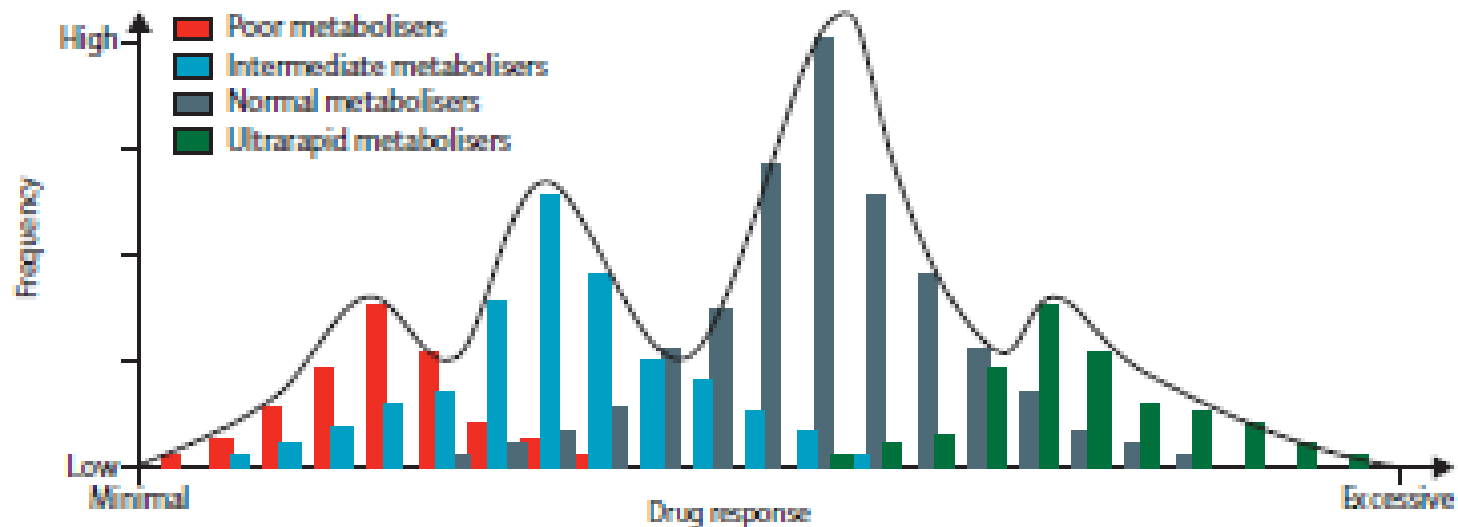
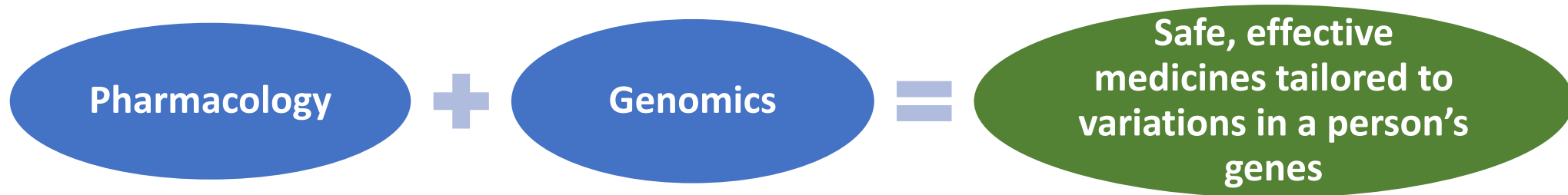
- Drug resistance and pathogen resistance

*From novel
therapeutics*

*To optimising
existing
medicines*

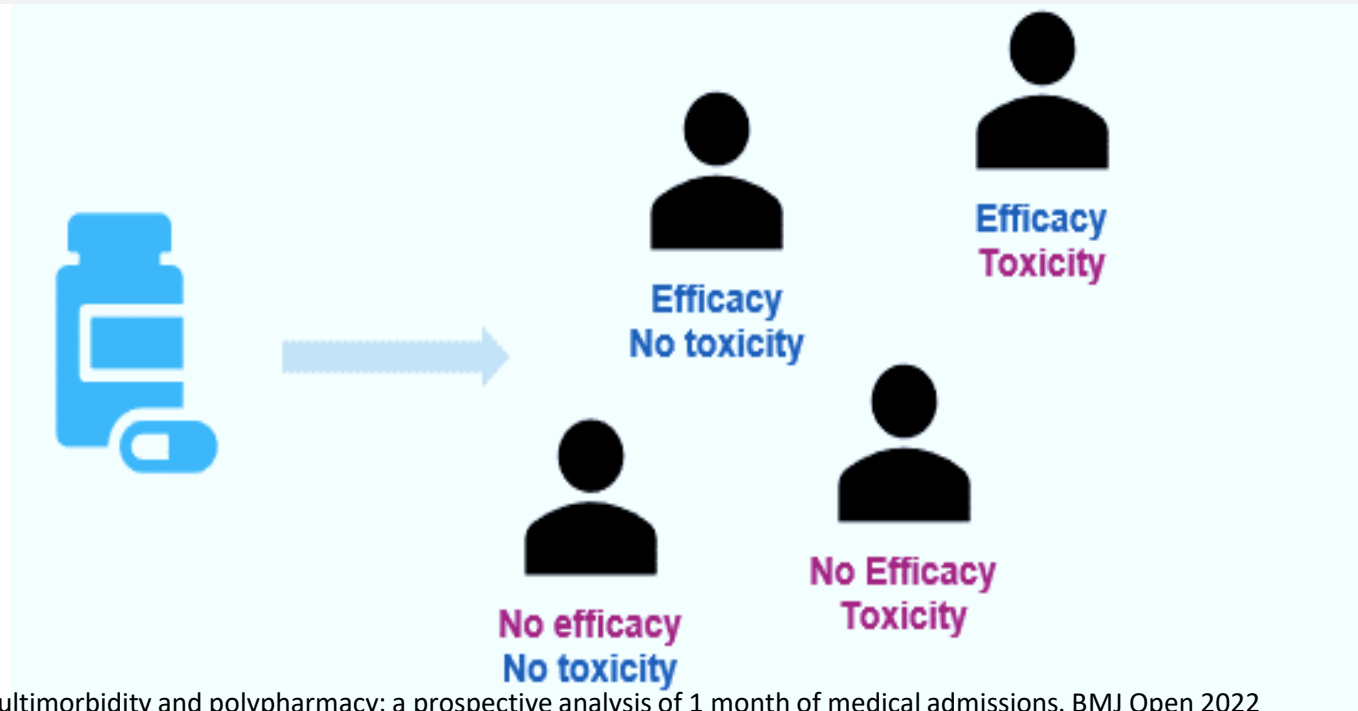
Pharmacogenomics (PGx)

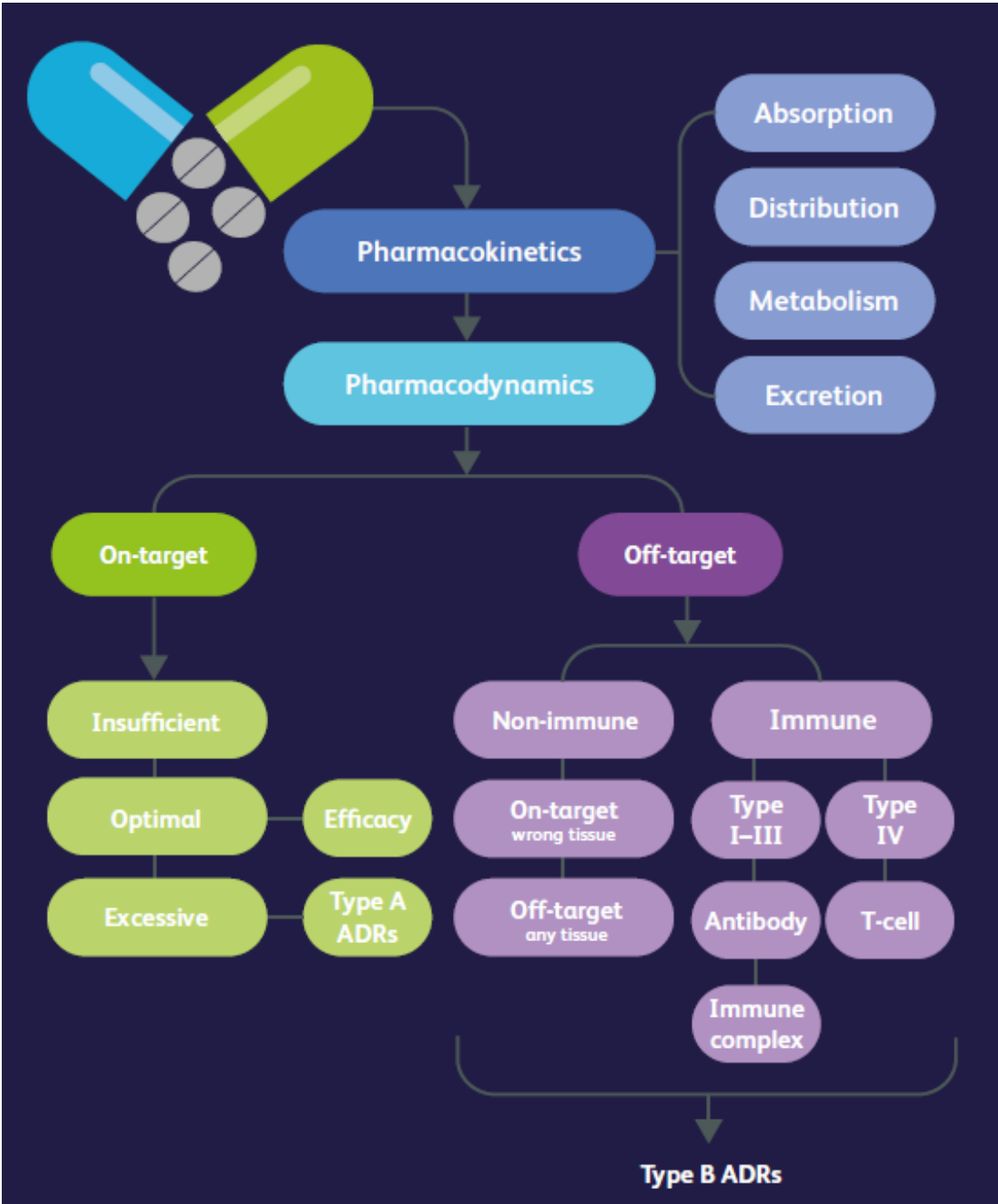
Pharmacogenomic variants affect an individual's response to a drug



Why is it important?

- >95% of the population carry at least one actionable pharmacogenomic variant.
- Drug interventions effective in only around **30%-50%** of patients
- One in 15 UK hospital admissions is linked to adverse drug reactions, costing the NHS [more than £2.21 billion each year](#).





National Genomic Test Directory

The National Genomic Test Directory is a published list of **nationally commissioned genomic tests** (and associated eligibility criteria). There are three documents:

- National Genomic Test Directory for rare and inherited disease (Excel)
- Rare and inherited disease eligibility criteria (PDF)
- National Genomic Test Directory for cancer (Excel)

Pharmacogenomic testing is currently reflected on the Rare Disease and Cancer Test Directories. In the future, this will move towards **one online directory** that encompasses all three specialities.

Aims

- To ensure the directory reflects **latest technological developments and scientific advances**
- To support **fair and equitable access** to genomic testing
- To ensure **best value** is achieved for the NHS
- To improve our understanding of **clinical utility** of genomic tests and the implications of testing on patients and the clinical pathway.

Application process for new tests detailed in published policy document alongside application forms and supplementary guidance: <https://www.england.nhs.uk/genomics/the-national-genomic-test-directory/>

Document



National Genomic Test Directory for rare and inherited disease

Microsoft Excel 177 KB

Summary

The 2021/2022 National Genomic Test Directory for rare and inherited diseases specifies the genomic tests commissioned by the NHS in England for rare and inherited disorders, the technology by which they are available, and the patients who will be eligible to access to a test.

Document



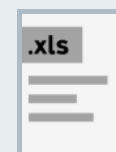
Rare and inherited disease eligibility criteria

PDF 3 MB 391 pages

Summary

This eligibility criteria document supplements the National Genomic Test Directory by setting out which patients should be considered for testing under that indication, and the requesting specialties is a list of the clinical specialties who would be expected to request the test.

Document



National Genomic Test Directory for cancer

Microsoft Excel 475 KB

Summary

The 2021/2022 National Genomic Test Directory for cancer specifies the genomic tests commissioned by the NHS in England for cancer, the technology by which they are available, and the patients who will be eligible to access to a test.

Updated 22 December 2021.

<https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/national-genomic-test-directories/>

Nationally Commissioned Pharmacogenomic Tests (Test Directory)

- ***DPYD*** for fluoropyrimidines
- ***TPMT/NUDT15*** in ALL
- ***MT-RNR1***; Aminoglycoside induced hearing loss
- ***individuals with a predisposition to gram negative infections*** for example due to known respiratory disease such as bronchiectasis, cystic fibrosis or due to structural or voiding genitourinary tract disorders
OR
- ***individuals with hearing loss who have been exposed to aminoglycosides***

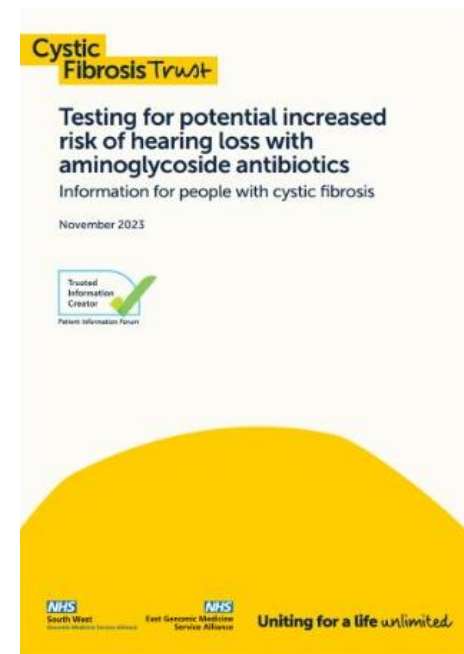
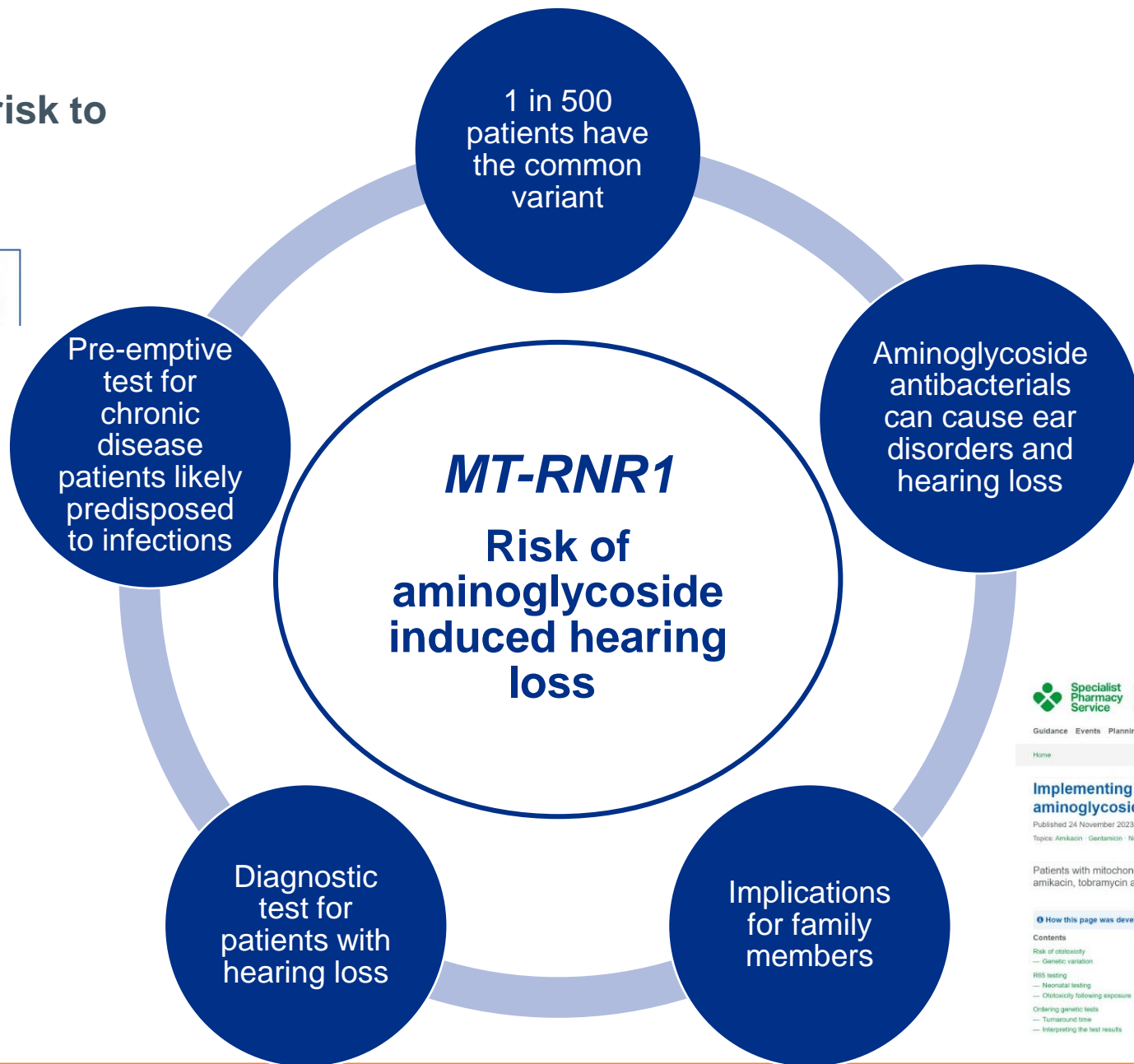


[Home](#) > [Drug Safety Update](#)

Aminoglycosides (gentamicin, amikacin, tobramycin, and neomycin): increased risk of deafness in patients with mitochondrial mutations

Aminoglycoside exposure posing risk to hearing

Drug Safety Update



Specialist Pharmacy Service The first stop for professional medicines advice

Guidance Events Planning Training Publications Tools Q Search

Home

Implementing pharmacogenomic testing for aminoglycosides

Published 24 November 2023

Topics: Amikacin · Gentamicin · Neomycin · Tobramycin

Patients with mitochondrial variants have an increased risk of deafness with gentamicin, amikacin, tobramycin and neomycin. Guidance on testing is provided.

How this page was developed · Guidance produced with the R65 Task and Finish Group

Contents

- Risk of ototoxicity
 - Genetic variation
- R65 testing
 - Neonatal testing
 - Ototoxicity following exposure
- Ordering genetic tests
 - Turnaround time
 - Interpreting the test results

Risk of ototoxicity

Pre-treatment screening for aminoglycosides is available to support recommendations in the [MHRA drug safety update](#) on the increased risk of deafness due to a mitochondrial genetic variant when patients are treated with aminoglycosides. This advice is also replicated in each of the relevant monographs in the [British National Formulary \(BNF\)](#).

The R65 Task and Finish Group have produced guidance to support implementation of the recommendations for genetic testing.

Pharmacogenomics: *Aminoglycosides*



2 April 2022

NHS Develops World-First Bedside
Genetic Test To Prevent Babies Going
Deaf

NICE TA913 Mavacamten for obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence

[Guidance](#) [Standards and indicators](#) [Life sciences](#) [British National Formulary \(BNF\)](#) [British National Formulary for Children \(BNFC\)](#) [Clinical Knowledge Summaries \(CKS\)](#) [About](#)

[Home](#) > [NICE Guidance](#) > [Conditions and diseases](#) > [Cardiovascular conditions](#) > [Acute coronary syndromes](#)

Mavacamten for treating symptomatic obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Technology appraisal guidance [TA913] Published: 06 September 2023

Camzyos 2.5 mg hard capsules ▼

Patients should be genotyped for Cytochrome P450 (CYP) 2C19 (CYP2C19) in order to determine appropriate mavacamten dose. Patients with CYP2C19 poor metabolizer phenotype may have increased mavacamten exposures (up to 3 times) that can lead to increased risk of systolic dysfunction

Clopidogrel and *CYP2C19* genotyping

The screenshot shows the NICE website header with the logo 'NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence', a search bar, and a 'Sign in' button. Below the header is a navigation menu with 'Guidance' selected, and other options like 'Standards and indicators', 'Life sciences', 'British National Formulary (BNF)', 'British National Formulary for Children (BNFC)', 'Clinical Knowledge Summaries (CKS)', and 'About'. A breadcrumb trail reads: 'Home > NICE Guidance > Conditions and diseases > Cardiovascular conditions > Stroke and transient ischaemic attack'. The main heading is 'CYP2C19 genotype testing to guide clopidogrel use after ischaemic stroke or transient ischaemic attack'. Below the heading, it says 'Diagnostics guidance [DG59] Published: 31 July 2024' and includes a link 'Register as a stakeholder'.

- NICE give positive opinion for genotyping & advise to use;
 - Laboratory-based testing as first choice
 - Genedrive PoC device if lab-based testing unavailable
- Considerable logistical challenge recognised by NICE
- NICE working with NHSE to deliver a **national pilot** of testing, to inform future implementation of this guidance.
- Genedrive PoC device also being piloted via DEVOTE programme [Research & Innovation \(cmft.nhs.uk\)](#)

CYP2C19 genotyping for clopidogrel stroke/TIA

Lab based testing

- Accredited genomic laboratory
- Highly skilled, experienced staff
- Likely centrally funded
- Turnaround ??
- *Potential* to screen wide range of variants

Point of care test

- Requirement for staff training
- Quality control/assurance
- Funding unclear - ? Local
- Turnaround 1-2hrs
- Limited range of genetic variants

Recording, storage and re-use of CYP2C19 results

Referred by:
<TOPERSON>
<TOJOBTITLE>
<TOADDRESS>

SAMPLE TYPE: <SAMPLETYPE>
COLLECTED DATE: <COLLECTIONDATE>
RECEIVED DATE: <RECEIPTDATE>
ACTIVATED DATE: <ACTIVATIONDATE>
REPORT DATE: <CURRENTDATE>

Copies to: <COPYTOADDRESS> (ref: <EXTERNALID>)

PATIENT NAME: <PATIENTFIRSTNAME> <PATIENTSURNAME>
YOUR REF: <HOSPITALNO>/<EXTERNALID>
SEX: <GENDER>

DATE OF BIRTH: <DATEOFBIRTH>
NHS No: <NHSNUMBER>
OUR REF: <FOLDERNO>

GENOMICS LABORATORY REPORT: PHARMACOGENOMICS – CYP2C19 VARIANTS

Reason for testing: CYP2C19 genotyping to guide mavacamten dosing.

RESULT SUMMARY: CYP2C19 (*2/*2) [CYP2C19 Poor Metaboliser]

Result and Interpretation: This patient has been tested for the three most frequent CYP2C19 variants affecting cytochrome p450 2c19 enzyme activity: The loss-of-function c.681G>A (CYP2C19*2) and c.636G>A (CYP2C19*3) variants, and the c.-806C>T (CYP2C19*17) gain-of-function variant.

<PATIENTFIRSTNAME> <PATIENTSURNAME> was found to be homozygous for the c.681G>A (CYP2C19*2) variant. <HESHE> is therefore predicted to be a poor metaboliser of mavacamten.

These results can be used to guide dosing of mavacamten. Prescribers should refer to the UK summary of product characteristics (SPC) for dosing and monitoring guidance.

Please note that an individual's CYP2C19 metaboliser status can influence the effectiveness or safety of multiple medicines. For contemporaneous pharmacogenetic recommendations please visit www.cpicpgx.org/guidelines and discuss any prescribing queries with your local pharmacist.

This result can be stored in the patient's Electronic Health Record as SNOMED-CT code **738786005**
Finding: Cytochrome P450 family 2 subfamily C member 19 poor metabolizer.

CYP2C19 genotyping & clopidogrel

Previous
stroke/TIA?

Other
indications?

?Private testing
uptake

Reuse of *CYP2C19* results for
new/existing prescriptions

Antiplatelet
choice

Integration into system wide stroke pathway – oversight
and governance

Pharmacogenomics guidance

Commonly used:

- CPIC <https://cpicpgx.org/>
- DPWG
<https://www.knmp.nl/dossiers/farmacogenetica>

Product license

- SmPC
- FDA

Databases

- DDRx - [DNA-Driven Rx \(pharmgkb.org\)](http://pharmgkb.org)
- PharmGKB - <https://www.pharmgkb.org/>
- PharmVar - <https://www.pharmvar.org/>

UK resources / guidance

- DPYD -
<https://www.uksactboard.org/publications>
- TPMT and NUDT15 -
<https://www.bopa.org.uk/resources>
- Pharmacogenomics Ge-notes -
<https://www.genomicseducation.hee.nhs.uk/genotes/>
- National Genomic Test Directory - [NHS England » National genomic test directory](#)
- **UKCPA PGx handbook in development!**

Information sources – SPCs; 4.2 Posology & administration

Citalopram

Reduce initial dose for 'known'
CYP2C19 PM

Carbamazepine

Screen Han Chinese and Thai
patients for HLA-B*1502
whenever possible

Metoprolol

PM [CYP2D6] may require lower
than normal doses

Amitriptyline

Consider 50% dose reduction for
known CYP2C19 or CYP2D6 PM

Respiratory metagenomics



[Am J Respir Crit Care Med.](#) 2024 Jan 15; 209(2): 164–174.

PMCID: PMC1080643

Published online 2023 Nov 8. doi: [10.1164/rccm.202305-0901OC](https://doi.org/10.1164/rccm.202305-0901OC)

PMID: [3793816](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/3793816/)

Routine Metagenomics Service for ICU Patients with Respiratory Infection

[Themoula Cha](#)

[Mark Tan](#), ¹ [Toi](#)

[Duncan L. A. V](#)

[Simon Golden](#)

[Penelope R. C](#)

+

Severe presentation of infectious disease NHS genomic network of excellence

This NHS Genomic Network of Excellence will bring together experts to transform the understanding and management of patients with life threatening infectious disease, through the application of novel genomic technologies in pathogen detection and host immunity profiling.

The Network of Excellence will focus on pathogen sequencing and host immunity profiling in patients with acute illnesses in healthcare settings. This can accelerate personalised treatments for vulnerable patients.

Respiratory metagenomics network of excellence

- Metagenomics = study of all genetic material from sample
- Rapid pathogen identification
 - Earlier targeted anti-infectives
- Potential for identifying antimicrobial resistance
- Host immunity profiling
- Pilot at several UK centres



PROGRESS Pharmacogenomics Pilot Project

- Aims to deliver the **evidence**, including **health economics**, to make national commissioning **decisions about implementing pharmacogenomics in the NHS**
- Pharmacogenomic gene panel testing if 'trigger drug' prescribed **in primary care**;
 - TCAs
 - SSRIs
 - Statins
 - PPIs
- Develop a system to **translate results to prescribing advice**
- To be expanded to at least one **SW PCN** in 2024
- Project updates at <https://www.nw-gmsa.nhs.uk/about-us/our-regional-and-national-projects/our-2022-2023-projects>

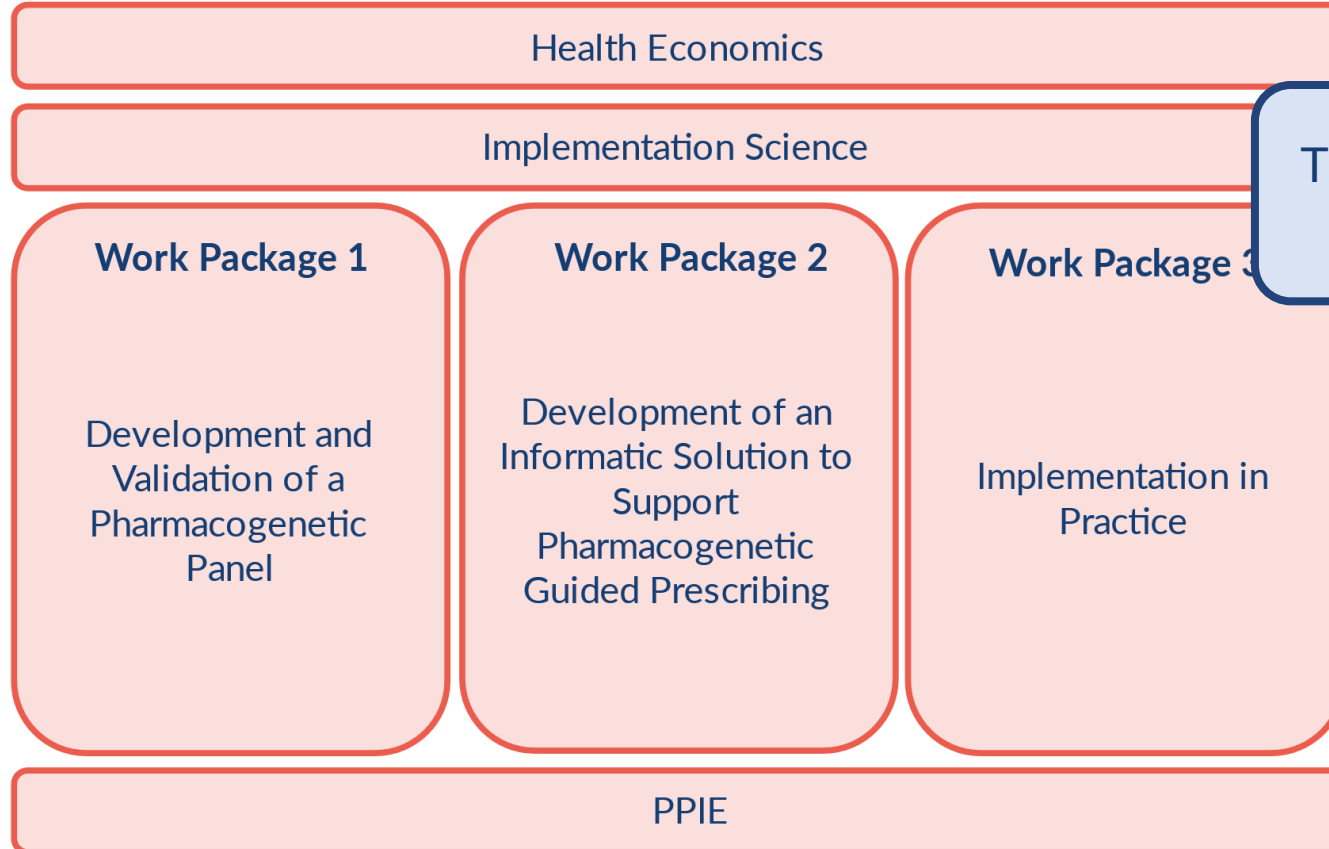


The PROGRESS Programme: Implementing Pharmacogenetics in the NHS



North West

Genomic Medicine Service Alliance



Trigger: Prescription of a new medicine (Antidepressant, Statin, PPI)

The PROGRESS Study will open for recruitment in June 2023 in the North West of England before expansion to other regions in January 2024





ORIGINAL ARTICLE |  Open Access |  

Public preferences for pharmacogenetic testing in the NHS: Embedding a discrete choice experiment within service design to better meet user needs

John H. McDermott , Videha Sharma, William G. Newman, Paul Wilson, Katherine Payne, Stuart Wright

First published: 14 April 2024 | <https://doi.org/10.1111/bcp.16058>

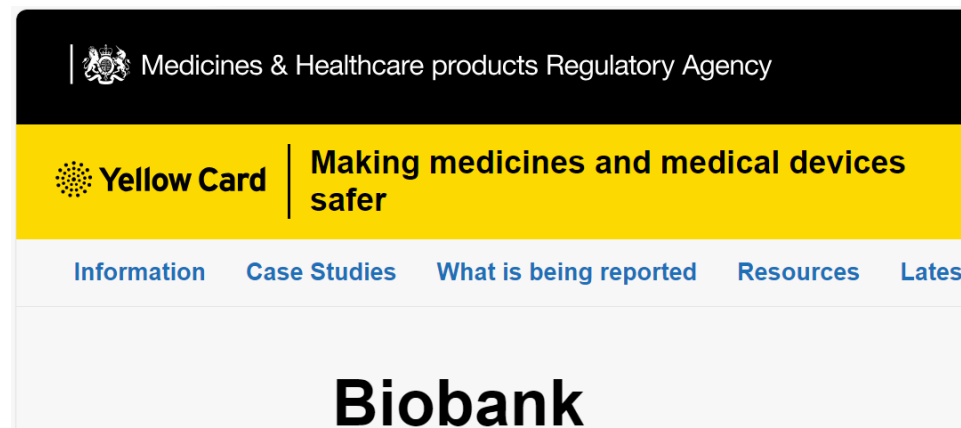
Public preferences for pharmacogenomic testing (McDermott et al, 2024)

Survey responses from 1993 members of the public;

- Preferences for;
 - Pharmacogenomic testing vs standard care
 - Non-invasive testing vs blood sample
 - Data to be shared between healthcare organisations to guide future prescribing
 - Regional vs national data sharing
 - Respondents wanted to have access to their data (online portal preferred)
- Big variability on predicted uptake (51 to >99%), depending on design of service

MHRA Biobank

- Collaboration between MHRA & Genomics England
- Two areas of focus;
 - Allopurinol & SJS/TENs
 - DOACs and major bleeding
- Role for pharmacy in completing yellow card reports to allow patient referral



Pharmacy genomics workforce strategic framework

- Published Jan 2024, with 3 year timeframe
 - Present
 - 1-3 years
 - Ongoing
- Suggested tools/resources
- ‘What will success look like’
- Multi-disciplinary education and training
- Appendix of case studies

[NHS England » Pharmacy genomics workforce, education and training strategic framework](#)

Pharmacy genomics workforce strategic framework objectives



Challenges identified by strategic framework

Differing genomics
needs across
sectors/specialities

Lack of recognition
of relevance to role

Case study
availability

Mentor/supervisor
availability

Defined roles/responsibilities

What next?

National

- NHSE National pharmacy genomics education & training working group
 - Oversee implementation
 - Communication strategy
 - Support competency/career frameworks
 - Educational resources
 - ‘just in time’ vs ‘just in case’

SW Region

- SW implementation plan
- Review by SW Pharmacy Genomics Steering Group
 - Engagement with community pharmacy –case studies
 - Use of social media
 - Inclusion into organisational priorities
 - Best use of SW pharmacy networks
 - Educational resources/incentives

Genomics education and training resources

View full range of National Genomics Education Programme resources



From...

...to

'Bite-sized'
learning
(1 min+)

Genomics
101
courses
(30mins)

Online
courses
and expert
webinars

GeNotes:
Genomic
notes for
clinicians

Master's in
genomic
medicine
framework

GE Notes

Drumroll please... We are delighted to launch [#GeNotes](#) - our flagship new resource developed in collaboration with expert clinicians across the NHS. genomicseducation.hee.nhs.uk/genotes/
But what is GeNotes...? 1/4



Genomics educational resources

CPPE

[Home](#)

[About CPPE](#)

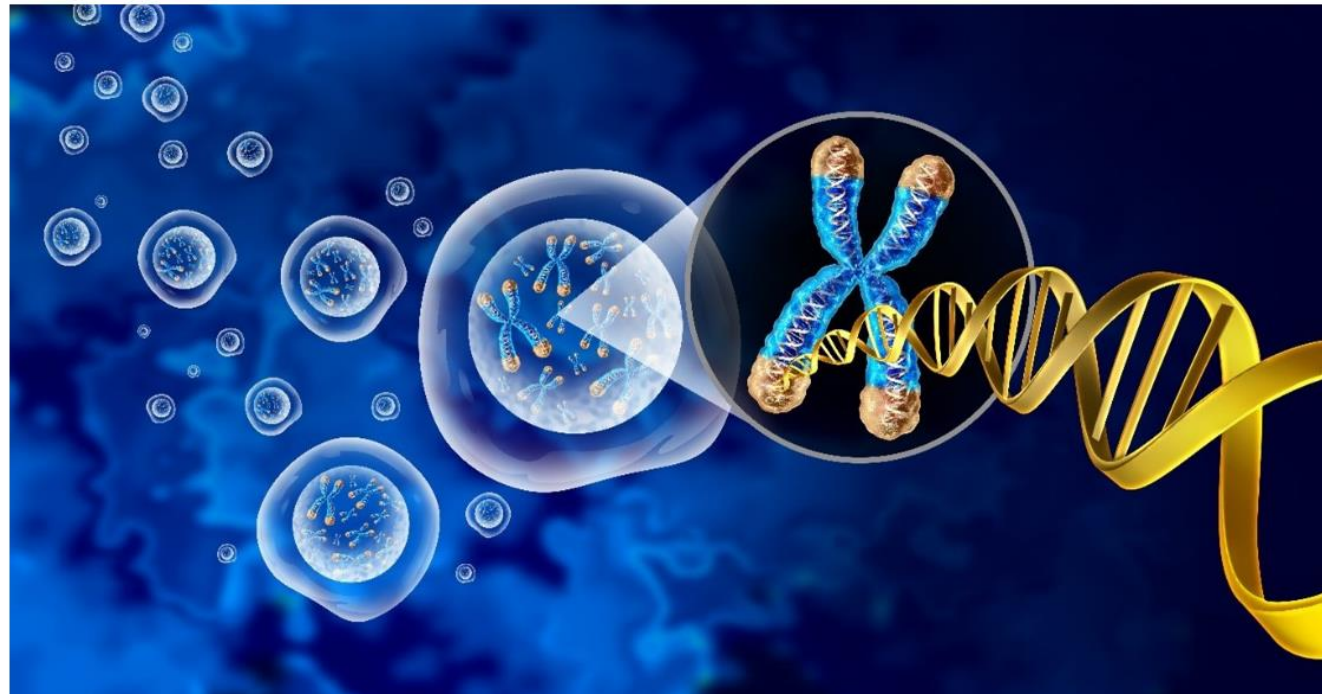
[NHS priorities](#)

[Clinical pharmacy](#)

[Public health](#)

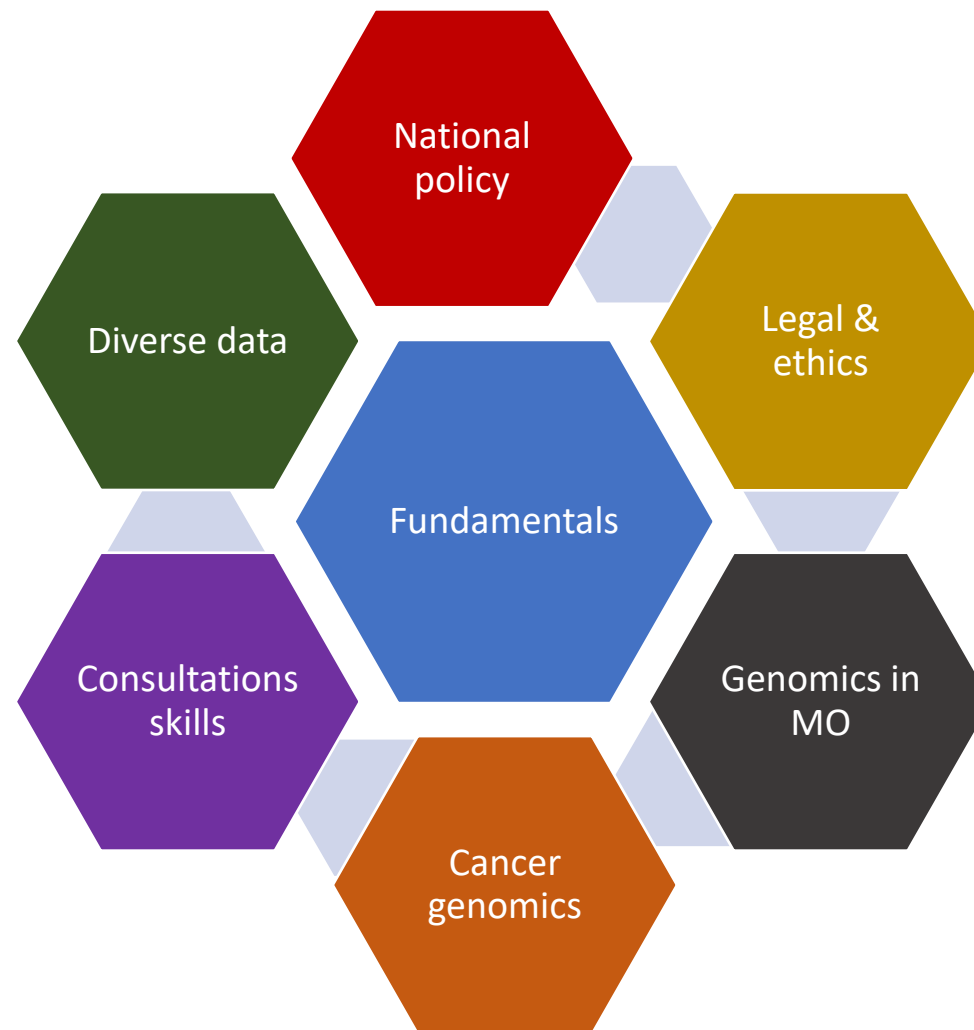
[A-Z](#)

Genomics in pharmacy: an introduction to person-centred consultations e-learning programme



Genomic Medicine Indicative Curriculum IETP

- Resources relevant for the **entire** workforce
- Linked to IETP learning outcomes & RPS Prescribing competencies



North Thames Pharmacogenetics podcasts



Series 4 Episode 5 - The Future of Pharmacogenetics: Enhancing Patient Care Throu...

Thursday Sep 26, 2024

Welcome to Genomics Now, a podcast series where you can learn how genomics is developing in England's NHS. This podcast series is recorded in 2024 and is part of the North Thames Genomic Medicine Service's educational toolkit...

♥ Likes

⬇ Download 58

🔗 Share



Series 4 Episode 4 - Implementing Pharmacogenetics: What's needed in Mental Health...

Thursday Sep 26, 2024

Welcome to Genomics Now, a podcast series where you can learn how genomics is developing in England's NHS. This podcast series is recorded in 2024 and is part of the North Thames Genomic Medicine Services Educational Toolkit...

♥ Likes

⬇ Download 22

🔗 Share



Series 4 Episode 3 - Advancing Pharmacogenetic Testing: Role of Research and Clinical...

Feedback

We want to hear from you!

<https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/ZGMHFS2>

